

Alexandria Gazette and Virginia Advertiser



PUBLISHED DAILY & TRI-WEEKLY BY
EDGAR SNOWDEN.
TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 12, 1881.

The honor of the State demands a settlement of her debt acceptable to her creditors, as urged by the late Col. Cameron a few years ago, when he insisted that she was even bound for West Virginia's third. The law makes the same demand, and, what's more, will enforce compliance therewith, as plainly shown by decisions of the Supreme Court bearing upon the subject. That the interests of the State cry aloud for such a settlement is a truth which this city had thrust upon it last week, when a proposed investment here of Boston capital to the extent of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars was delayed if not altogether prevented by the dread its owners have of the repudiating illness prevalent in Virginia. And finally policy—a factor more powerful with the majority of people than principle—makes the same appeal, for a determination on the part of the democrats to comply with it, will gain them the respect and countenance of honest people in all parts of the country, and the votes of all the people in Virginia who act upon the principle that "what is morally wrong can not be politically right." A true and conscientious Virginia republican, one who believes in the tenets of his party, and is familiar with the affairs of his State, will always vote for a debt-paying democrat in preference to a Mahonite, and as there are many such republicans it would not be unwise to secure their help by a place in the platform to be adopted by the Democratic Convention, pledging the State to a settlement of her indebtedness acceptable to her creditors and honorable to herself.

The increase in the wealth and population of Virginia and the improvement in her every material interest, as exhibited by the census report, and the present condition of her treasury, together with the curtailment of her expenditures by reason of biennial sessions of the Legislature, show plainly enough that had the terms of the McCulloch bill been complied with, the debt question by this time would have been "eliminated" from the domain of politics, and the revenues of the State have been amply sufficient for all her various expenses, without the slightest increase in the rate of taxation. These bondholders, therefore, who refused to refund under the terms of that bill are by no means irresponsible for the unsettled condition of the debt, though it must be said that dread of Mahonism gave them plausible excuse for that refusal and induced them to believe it was better to bear the ills they had than fly to others that they knew not of. It may be for years and it may be for ever before Virginia recovers from the evil effects of Mahonism.

General Mahone's candidate for Governor says that should the Mahonites succeed they will elect a Court of Appeals pledged to readjust the State debt under the Riddleberger bill. This is not surprising, for men who turned out the judges of the State for no other reason than the fact that they imagined justice was no respecter of persons, and that the debt of a State was as binding as the debt of an individual, and put in their places men whose only qualification was their expressed determination to make the State repudiate her debt, would not hesitate to elect a Court of Appeals, composed of men with no other qualification than that referred to, even though they be cheating gamblers, as was the "lizard" judge they elected two years ago. A party that thinks what is morally wrong can be politically right will not hesitate to profit by justice to the low purposes of party requirements.

Mr. Miller, one of the nominees of the republican caucus of the New York Legislature for the United States Senate, is charged by the Chicago wing of his party with having deserted the federal army during the war. This same charge was urged against him by the democrats when he was a candidate for the position he now holds as member of the United States House of Representatives, but the man who now repeats it denied it then and elected him, so that it is in consequence of this charge, as his decision to the House showed that deserters are not objectionable to New York republicans.

Nearly ten days and a half have now elapsed since the President received his wound. No unfavorable symptom has presented itself in all that time. The President is said to be a strong man, with a constitution unimpaired. These being the premises, the conclusion of most men who know anything at all about gun shot wounds is that if Mr. Garfield were not the President, he would now be sitting up, and reading, talking and eating to his heart's content, and all that too with the consent and approval of his physicians.

Since there needs must be railroads in Virginia the more of them the better, but why one should be built from Martins Point, on the Potomac, to Point Pleasant, on the Ohio, is more than those not interested in its construction can tell. We trust it will be built, however, for every mile will add to the revenues and increase the prosperity of the State, and the right is too far advanced, and should be too liberal for any obstacle to be thrown in the way of any conceivable rail of trade and travel.

Mr. J. W. Ford, editor of the Valley Virginian, which was the organ of the republican party in Virginia until that party became Mahonized, like the rest squarely on the head when he says: "If there are dissatisfied democrats who see in the administration of their party injury to the State, let them exhibit sufficient courage to

say so, and not with us. A few thousand democrats ought not to expose three or four times their number of republicans to surrender to them."

The July number of the *Planter and Farmer* has been received from its publishers, at Richmond, Va., and is as usual full of interesting and instructive reading.

FROM WASHINGTON.
Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 12, 1881.
In the North Carolina election, which is to be held next month, contrary to the prevailing idea of it outside of that State, the question of politics is not involved to the slightest degree. There was a great pressure upon the Legislature for some action on the temperance question, and in obedience thereto a temperance law was prepared, and the August election is to decide whether or not that law shall be ratified. It is confidently believed that it will be defeated, as republicans as well as democrats are opposed to it. Ex-Senator Miramonte is the leader of the temperance party, and is trying to make political capital out of it for future use, but will make a signal failure, as any man should who attempts such a thing, especially a man like Mr. Miramonte, who has the indolence and want of natural feeling to assert on the stump that the bar rooms of Raleigh have made his son a "wandering vagabond."

Commissioner Dudley, of the Pension Bureau, has determined to bounce the ex-rebels in that bureau, not because he has any objection to them per se, but because they are inefficient, but because he does not think it exactly right, you know, for rebels to be passing upon the claims of Union soldiers. Mr. Dudley, it will be remembered, was the U. S. Marshal of Indiana at the last presidential election, and did the dirty work, by means of which Dorsey and the star route agents carried that State for the republicans. He has probably forgotten that ex-rebels appropriated the money by which the claims of Union soldiers are now being paid, and also the little fact that the ex-rebels in the Senate have to pass upon the confirmation of his appointment.

The Senatorial committee on the r. r. flat business may have another meeting to day or tomorrow. Senator Ransom, its chairman, told the Gazette's correspondent to day that it would certainly adjourn to-morrow, and that all it intended to do was to engage the services of engineers and physicians who will examine into the matter and report to the committee when it reassembles next October, so that it shall be ready to make a recommendation to Congress as soon as the next session of that body shall convene.

There was a renewal of the alarm and excitement about the President's condition last night, because a faint and temporary increase was noticed in his pulse and temperature, but it subsided pari passu with the abatement of that increase, and there is nothing about him to day to weaken the most sanguine hopes that are entertained of his recovery. Dr. Woodward, one of his attending physicians, said to day in the presence of the Gazette's correspondent that because the President's temperature went up one degree yesterday everybody but those who knew would have it that he must die, and because it went down a degree to day everybody but the few knowing ones would have it that he must be up and about to-morrow. He was getting along very well, the Doctor said, had the case been a fever in his favor, and if he, the Doctor, were a killing man he would bet on his recovery. The Doctor also said that yesterday when Dr. Garrett asked Dr. Bliss how the President was, the latter responded good humoredly, "Why, very well since you say he will be riding about in three weeks, and you ought to know."

Intelligence from Ohio yesterday was to the effect that the democratic convention, which meets to-morrow, may possibly, owing to differences among the Hamilton county delegates, nominate Mr. Brookwater for Governor.

The Superintendent of the Insane Asylum here says the inmates there seem to be as much interested in the fate of the President as any other people, and that the bullies from the White House are posted there as soon as issued, and are read as eagerly as anywhere else. He also says that no man who is crazy on one subject can be perfectly sane on all others, and that he has not yet had an opportunity of determining whether Gileau is crazy on one subject or not.

Virginia here from Fairfax county say that an attempt will be made to instruct the delegates from that county to the democratic convention, and also to adopt resolutions approving the debt, but that both attempts will fail. Gentlemen from other portions of the State say that in what they see and hear the nomination for Governor will probably fall to either Good, Daniel or Staples.

Young Anson, who was recently removed from his place in the House pro tem, was put there by ex-Member Herkell, and lost it by the influence of the same gentleman, upon whom he had "scored" ok. He had been appointed to another position during his furlough and was thus free to go to his home at the time.

The place he lost was given to a son of Mr. Murch, the greenback Congressman from Mexico, as that gentleman has been so long with the democrats.

The last of the observations on the Observer's remarks to the effect that the now rapidly rising cost of the coal is not the cost of 1867, and that it has not split in two as Professor Stone asserts it has.

NEGRO EDUCATION.—A long and carefully written article in the New York Tribune gives a mass of interesting facts concerning the educational progress of the colored people of the South, and especially of the progress of the negro race. The work is going on with the enthusiasm of a new life, rather than with the impetus of an established system. But there is a feeling that the education of the whole mass of negroes that the world upon the banks of the South is now a profit for the South to deal with, and that the assistance of the national government, as has been suggested by Mr. Hayes, and subsequently in the inaugural address of Mr. Garfield, must be obtained before the immense difficulties of the undertaking can be overcome. But the spirit that is shown now in all parts of the South—if the report of the New York Tribune can be trusted—is such as to assure that government funds devoted to this end will be wisely and honestly expended.

Ballooning.—The main object in raising a fund for Mrs. Garfield's benefit was, as announced from New York, to relieve the President from all feeling of responsibility as to the support of his family in the event of his death. This, however, it appears that he has not been much interested in, and that all on the subject. As the subscription list grows heavily in New York it is probably as well to keep the President in ignorance of the whole matter. If the \$500,000 had been promptly raised, or even if it were secured, the same would have been an improper and ineffectual publicity to the President. He naturally feels a deep solicitude for the future of his family, knowing his own serious condition, and if he could be assured of the steps that would be taken to provide for them by a grateful people it could not fail to exercise a beneficial effect.

A Well Insured Life.
WESTMINSTER, Md., July 12.—Robert Bell, aged 60 years, died here Sunday night. Bell has been afflicted with rheumatism and other ailments for many years, and supported himself by selling apples on the street. His life was insured for over \$1,000,000.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The health inspector of Jersey City says that there have been eight cases of small pox reported to him since last Saturday afternoon.

The total amount of subscriptions to the fund for the benefit of Mrs. Garfield and family, reported up to yesterday evening, was \$122,755.

The Navy Department will be represented at the Yorktown centennial celebration by four training ships and all the vessels of the North Atlantic squadron.

Spartanburg county, S. C., has by a large majority voted a subscription of \$75,000 to one of the links in the proposed extension of the Virginia Midland Railway.

On the 1st inst., a terrific hurricane from the east swept along the coast of Newfoundland, destroying nearly all the small craft in various harbors.

A telegram of sympathy and congratulation to the President was received at the State Department yesterday from the Sultan of Persia, through Aristoteli Bey, Turkish ambassador.

Hon. Phineas W. Hitchcock, ex United States Senator from Nebraska, died at Omaha Sunday of general debility, accompanied by a seizure of the recent extreme heat. He was fifty years old.

Mr. Charles Brush, of Cleveland, Ohio, announces that he has solved the problem of storing electricity, so that it can be carried from place to place, and delivered like coal, oil, gasoline, etc., or can be placed in cars and used to propel them.

A delicate looking little girl not fourteen years old was found in the street in New York last night vomiting Paris green, which she had taken to end her life. The police removed the girl to the hospital, where she lies in a critical condition.

Ida May Dryden, Jersey City, N. J., three years of age, died Sunday last of hydrophobia, after most distressing symptoms. She was bitten by a dog on the 18th of May, whilst playing on the street, and hydrophobia did not make its appearance until last Friday.

A hot "wave" is striking the temperature rather unaccountably in the West. At St. Louis the thermometer registered 102°. With the exception of July 21, 1868, it was the hottest day in 36 years. It is difficult for the school boys to get men to discharge their cargoes.

District Attorney Oakhill, of Washington, is preparing for the indictment of Gileau as soon as the result of the President's wound is definitely ascertained. All newspapers and information bearing on the subject of the President's condition are carefully kept from the masses.

A water spout at Marshfield, Iowa, yesterday morning, flooded the place and put five houses that. A number of manufacturing establishments were damaged. The meadow lands along the Iowa river were inundated, and the farmers hung out signals of distress from the house-tops. As far as ascertained no lives were lost.

Fourteen cars of a freight train on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railroad broke loose Sunday at Hudson, Wis., and started backwards down a steep grade towards North Hudson, acquiring a remarkable speed. At the depot they crashed into another freight train, killing the engineer. The loss is estimated at \$40,000.

Information comes from D. S. Aro, Aik., of a murder committed near that place. A little orphan girl, about 13 or 14 years old, who was being raised by a Mr. Stallings, was outraged and murdered last Friday morning while on her way to school. The body was not found until Saturday. Suspicion points to two colored men as the perpetrators of the outrage, and it seems to be correct, as they have left the country and cannot be found.

Governor Foster, of Ohio, has received telegrams from the Governors of Indiana, Massachusetts, Kansas, Wisconsin, Tennessee, Arkansas, Illinois, Virginia, Alabama, Missouri, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, New York, Nebraska, Vermont, Florida, Georgia, New Jersey, West Virginia and Wyoming Territory, approving the suggestion in reference to fixing a day to be observed as a prize day for the recovery of President Garfield.

William Wilson engaged himself to marry Susan Southworth, of Oden, Utah, and among his gifts were a sailing machine and a cabinet organ. Her parents forbade the union, and told him to take away the presents, but he defied doing so until he was married to another girl, and then, when he called, Susan gave him such a thrashing that recovery is doubtful. He considers himself lucky in not being tied to the virgin for life.

Woodlawn Agricultural Society.
The July meeting was held on the 9th inst., at E. E. Mason's. P. H. Troth was chosen chairman with N. W. Piesco secretary.

The subject of discussion the month previous in regard to the success of the universal failure of a large proportion of the corn planted in coming up, was still further discussed. Some had planted the same kind of corn, that failed to come up when planted early in the season, that came up well late in the season, showing that the seed was not injured by the extreme cold of the past winter. The general opinion appeared to be that the poor weather at planting time had more to do with the failure than anything else.

E. E. Mason asked, what was the cause and cure of failure in young corn? As he had lost several late winter before he applied a remedy that checked the disease, which was about a teaspoonful of lanthanum at a dose. John Ballinger lost one with the same disease which he attributed to mouldy corn fodder eaten by the crows. Lime water given in moderate doses was recommended as a remedy.

The effect of economy in farm labor was introduced and discussed at some length without any definite result. The critics reported on the farm and surrounding the farm, the former told of the loss of the former year's crop, and the latter of the loss of the present year's crop. The former told of the loss of the former year's crop, and the latter of the loss of the present year's crop. The former told of the loss of the former year's crop, and the latter of the loss of the present year's crop.

The critics on the farm of E. E. Mason who failed to report, were requested to be prepared to report at the next meeting of the club. Mr. George Nero was chosen a member. The next meeting will be held August 1st, at the club, being the annual meeting; it was proposed to make an excursion down the Potomac. The committee to make arrangements, were S. H. Snowden, E. E. Mason and John Ballinger, who were authorized to advertise the time and procure tickets and present the bills for the same to the club for payment.

A CHAPERON RECHERCHÉ.—Intelligence has been received here of an attempt made by a New York sharper to victimize Thomas Branch, ex-bank well-known banker of this city. The party was, undoubtedly, the identical person who some months since attempted to impose upon Mr. Henry Miller, of this city. He approached Mr. Branch and introduced himself as Mr. Isaac Davenport's nephew, and then asked him if he did not wish to take a chance at a fine painting which was to be raffled off near by. Mr. Branch replied that he might not object to taking a chance. "Mr. Isaac Davenport's nephew" then said, "Well, just sign your name on this paper, if you please." "What's that for?" asked Mr. Branch. "We want to know where to send it in case you win it," said this urbanely young man. "You send the picture to me," replied Mr. Branch, "and I will pay for it when I get it." The sharp then said that he had to retire disappointed. —*Richmond States.*

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Cases of small pox continue to occur in Richmond. There are now in the hospital twenty patients.

Sussex county instructs its delegates to the Richmond Convention to vote for Hon. John Goode for Governor.

It stated that the report of State Auditor Massey will show that the recent assessment will not only exhibit that there has been no falling off in the tax values, but so far from it that a certain class have increased.

William Samuel Peasey died at his home in Williamsburg on the 8th inst. in the 53d year of his age. Mr. Peasey was a fine type of the Virginia gentleman, and known to be one of the best lawyers in the State.

At a recent meeting of the republicans of Waterford, Loudoun county, resolutions were adopted urging the nomination of a straight out republican ticket for governor, lieutenant governor and attorney general. Expression was also given of the popular detestation of the author of the attempted assassination of President Garfield, and to an earnest hope for the latter's recovery.

In a difficultly near Graves's Store, Spotsylvania county, on Saturday last between John Lewis and three brothers named Brooks, Lewis, after knocking down his three assailants, was himself struck down with a stone thrown by one of them, and was then stabbed by another in the breast and abdomen, his intestines protruding. It is expected that Lewis's injuries will result fatally.

An altercation occurred in Petersburg yesterday evening between George Lum, a painter, of that city and Jason Stone, a former member of the police corps, in which Stone was shot twice by Lum, the first time in the breast, a mere flesh wound, and next in the head, the ball entering the temple and coming out behind the ear, inflicting a serious wound. Lum surrendered himself, and was confined in the city jail to await an examination before the Mayor.

The announcement is made that the Richmond, York River and Chesapeake R. R. property, including the Baltimore line of steamers, has been leased by the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company. This property is turned over free of all indebtedness except the mortgage of nine hundred thousand dollars, the interest of which is assumed by the lessee, the lessee expended nine hundred thousand dollars of the mortgage money in the purchase of the property, and the lessee will pay three per cent. semi-annually on the stock of between four and five hundred thousand dollars. This practically gives the Richmond and Danville road ownership and control of the line between Richmond and Baltimore via West Point.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Khedive and his ministers are reported to be anxious to abolish slavery in Egypt.

The Mail Gazette predicts a financial crisis in the United States, because of the promise of bountiful harvests in Europe.

During the week ended on the 8th inst., twenty-nine deaths occurred at Havana from yellow fever and fifteen from smallpox.

Charles Bradlaugh has announced his intention to assert his rights as a member of Parliament at the bar of the House of Commons, on the 31st of August.

A Vienna dispatch to the Times announces that the meeting of the Emperors of Germany and Austria will take place in the middle of August at Salzburg.

The Russian minister of War proposes to discontinue the construction of fortifications on the German and Austrian frontiers, thereby saving 10,000,000 rubles in the budget.

Revolution is feared in Bulgaria, and the roads converging on Sofia, where the new Parliament is about to meet, are guarded by battalions of artillery.

It is regarded as certain that the Sultan will commute the death sentence pronounced against the murderers of Abdul Aziz. They will be banished to some remote part of the Ottoman Empire.

In the House of Commons yesterday Mr. Gladstone said Chief Secretary Foster was not a whit more responsible for the Gordon Act than any other member of the Cabinet, and that he deserved much credit for what there was good in the Land bill.

In consequence of the Paris' explanation in regard to Tripoli, the differences between France and Turkey have been adjusted. The Porte has given renewed assurances that in sending troops to Tripoli his sole object was the maintenance of order. The insurance companies to be confined to the Six district. The other parts of Tunis are quiet.

COMMUNICATED.
A Suitable Man for Governor.
Several gentlemen have been named as fit candidates for Governor. One writer brings forward a talented and successful agriculturist and claims that the agricultural class is entitled to a Governor. The agricultural class is a noble and patriotic class, and their opinions should be respected, but this class is politically divided, and it would be folly for a candidate to expect to be elected by this class of persons. We want a candidate of all classes, for we are all part and parcel of that unit which constitutes a State, and just in proportion as a candidate makes this unit fractional or divisible in his character, just in that very proportion are his chances lessened for Governor.

Others, in bringing forward their friends seem to envy the idea that Mahone is necessary for a candidate to be successful. A mistaken policy. It is no easy matter to charge a man with dishonorable views or acts, but it is quite a different thing to prove the charge. Mahone, like other men, is fallible and liable to err, but I cannot believe that Mahone, who is a Virginian, who fought for Virginia, and whose possessions are in Virginia, is knowingly pursuing a course which will degrade his home and State. But admit that Mahone is seeking public opinion, that thereby he may pursue a course which will be disastrous to Virginia, then for the good and welfare of Virginia it is all important to have a candidate for Governor who can turn this public opinion from the current in which it is directed. Now the question arises, Who is the man who can do this? The man is the Hon. James V. Brooks, of Warren.

Mr. Brooks is a profound lawyer of unimpaired integrity and tried reputation, and while he has a strong tendency to purposes and an excellent education could induce him to swear from duty, yet he has great esteem for the opinions of others. He is a moderate man, not given to abuse, and his calm and logical argument cannot fail to blaze the line that shall mark out the political road, which, in the near future, will be crowded with a mob of united people. He has seen much of public life and has filled every station with honor to himself and State.

Bring him in the front and let the turbulent sea of politics be calmed.

MARRIED.
On the 30th of June, 1881, at the residence of the bride's mother, near Spotsylvania, Va., by Rev. J. O. Kirk, Mr. S. ANDREW MCNEISS and Miss BETTY GRIGSBY, all of King George Co., Va.

DIED.
Died in Frederickburg, Va., at the residence of Gen. Daniel Knigler, on Thursday, June 24, 1881, Mrs. GEORGEANNA SKYMOOR HOPE, of Friedland, King George co., in the 78th year of her age.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPH NEWS.

The President's Condition.
EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 12, 8 a. m.—The President is comfortable this morning. The rise of temperature noted in last evening's bulletin began to diminish about an hour later. Pulse 96, temperature 99.6, respiration 22.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 12, 8 a. m.—The unfavorable symptoms which made their appearance yesterday afternoon have entirely subsided. The President passed a very comfortable restful night and this morning his pulse is 96 and temperature 99.6. This would seem to indicate that the increased pulse and temperature of last night was merely a temporary fluctuation due to the curative supposition at the time to some momentary tax upon his nervous system rather than to any permanent unfavorable change in his condition. (Official Bulletin.)

EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 12, 1 p. m.—The President is passing a comfortable day. Pulse 100, temperature 100.8, respiration 24.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 12.—The following telegram was received by the attending surgeons to the consulting surgeons this afternoon: "EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 12, 12 m.—During the afternoon yesterday the President's temperature rose to the highest point it has yet attained. It began to fall, however, immediately after he received his evening's morphine—one quarter of a grain of the sulphate hypodermically—and this morning corresponds with previous days. About six p. m. he had a consistent and copious movement of the bowels. His wound was dressed antiseptically yesterday evening and this morning. He continues to retain all the nourishment prescribed him, and has had twenty four ounces of milk and one of rum during the last twenty four hours, besides a small quantity of milk toast this morning. At 8:30 this morning he also received ten grains of bi-phosphate of quina. His general condition this morning appears to us rather better than yesterday morning. Temperature at 7 p. m. pulse was 108; temperature 101; respiration 24. This morning at 8 o'clock pulse 96; temperature 99.6; respiration 22. At 1 p. m. pulse 100; temperature 100.8; respiration 24.

Brains Dashed Out.
NEW YORK, July 12.—Mary Terrill, of Mamaroneck, Westchester county, was placed under arrest yesterday morning to answer a charge of infanticide. The accused is unmarried, aged 26 years, and resides with her mother in a locality near the Mamaroneck depot known as "The Flats." While John Morris, John Fuley and William Clark were mowing grass in a meadow about fifty yards from the Terrill dwelling their attention was attracted to the movements of a dog not far distant, and upon investigation the men discovered that the animal had scratched up the nude body of a small infant and had already eaten off the right arm of the corpse. The body had been buried just under the sod, scarcely three inches deep, without box or coffin, or even a garment or a strip of cloth of any sort. The infant's head had been smashed in, so that the features were almost unrecognizable, presenting a shocking and sickening spectacle. From the appearance of the child's head the indications are that the murderer took the infant by the feet and dashed its brains out against a stone. It was stated at the inquest that Mary Terrill became a mother some time between the 4th and 8th instants. An inquest was held last evening, at which the jury ordered the woman to be remanded. The young woman's mother was held as accessory before the fact.

A Beside Murder.
ATLANTIC CITY, July 12.—Sunday night special officer William Musson was murdered by John Somers. Somers was drunk and quarreling with his wife at their home. After some angry words with her he left the house and went to a place in the neighborhood where he got more drink. About nine o'clock he returned to the house and the quarrel was resumed. Somers finally kicked his wife in the abdomen, after which he went down to the back yard, looking for an axe with which to kill her. He was looking for an axe when he heard Officer Musson and ran to the house. Just as he entered the open front door Somers entered from the back yard where he had been for the axe. He rushed at his wife who lay on the floor when the officer jumped in between them to prevent his killing her. Without a word the ruffian swung the axe over his shoulder and struck Musson on the top of the head with it, splitting his skull open so that the brain was exposed. He then dropped the axe and ran away. Musson sank on the floor and was found there by some of the people who had been attracted by the woman's screams. A doctor examined the wound and at once pronounced it fatal. He lingered until six o'clock this morning and then died, never having recovered consciousness. The murderer was arrested and put for the interior of the popular citizens would have been lynched. A coroner's jury found a verdict accusing Somers, of murder, and he was held for trial.

Bank Robbery.

SIDNEY, Iowa, July 12.—The bank of Davis and Sexton, at Riverston, was robbed of \$4000, two men rode into the town about 4 p. m., on horse back, late night, near Sidney, and hid their horses back to back. While Mr. Six was getting money from the safe to change a bill for them they leaped over the counter, placed revolvers at his head, took the money, fled by the back door and redoubtably away inviting the crowd to follow. A large company is in pursuit. At the last account the robbers were near the Missouri line, and the prospect of their capture is not good.

Quitting Bulgaria.

SISTOVA, July 12.—M. K. Krawloff and Slavoff, who were elected members of the National Assembly for Tirnova, have crossed over into Roumania, and it is expected that several other liberals will quit Bulgaria.

VIENNA, July 12.—The Press correspondent at Sistova says the peasant members of the National Assembly are arriving at Sistova under military escort to protect them from the influence of the liberals.

Newspaper Seized.

LONDON, July 12.—Dispatches from Vienna to the Standard and the Times say that the police have seized nearly all the leading Vienna journals for publishing a resolution passed by the anti-nationalists belonging to a German club. The resolution was not an attack on the Emperor, but was only an expression of general feeling in regard to the cooperation of the Czechs and their minorities against the Germans.

The Murderers of Abdul Aziz.

LONDON, July 12.—A Constantinople dispatch to the Times says: The Sultan entertained the idea of having the judgment in the case of the alleged murderers of Abdul Aziz pronounced by the Court of Cassation, but it was represented to him that this would involve the necessity of a new trial and danger of further scandal. The Sultan has decided to commute the death sentences.

Barbarous Outrage.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 12.—Four young men broke into the house of John Sullivan, a middle-aged woman, at Sanduski, Berkshire county, last Saturday night, and taking her from her bed into the open air, brutally tarred and feathered her. The assault is thought to have been provoked by the woman's habit of getting herself and neighbors into the local courts by petty suits.

Railroad Accident.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., July 12.—The first New Jersey Southern morning train out of Red Bank met with an accident on the bridge between here and Manchester at nine o'clock this morning. It is said an axle broke while crossing the bridge, and the car, leaving the track, cut through the bridge. Several of the passengers were severely injured.

Killed by Lightning.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., July 12.—During the terrible thunder storm of yesterday morning, the house of John Brandt, near Callisto Depot, Sullivan county, was struck by lightning, and Mrs. Brandt was instantly killed. Her body was horribly mutilated. The house and the dead woman's clothes were fired, but the flames were extinguished before much damage was done. The lightning struck in three other places in the neighborhood.

From Algeria.

LONDON, July 12.—A Paris dispatch to Reuters' Telegram Co. says: A dispatch from Algeria states that the insurgent chief, Bou Amma, with a thousand Arabs, twice unsuccessfully attacked the town of Kender, on the 7th instant. The place was defended by three companies of French rifles. Bou Amma fled southward, after losing 250 men.

Dental.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 12.—Baton Von Collet, the Austrian ambassador, has informed the Porte that it is untrue that Austria is preparing to advance to Salonica, Roumelia; that the Austrian force in Russia has not been increased, the only change being transfers of garrisons from one post to another.

From Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 12.—The joint convention voted to day for the U. S. Senator for the short term as follows: Lyman G. Patter 52, Cocking 32, Fish 1, Woodford 1, Evans 1. Necessary to a choice 75.

The French in Africa.

LONDON, July 12.—A dispatch from Tunis to Reuters' Telegram Company says: A transport has arrived here with troops from France. She has embarked six guns at Goleta and is preparing to go to Sfax.

A Woman's Fatal Fall.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., July 12.—Mrs. McGuire, who lived in the Sharp Mills, near this city, while picking cherries Monday afternoon, fell from the tree and broke her neck. She died in half an hour.

The Body of Pope Pius IX.

ROME, July 12.—The body of Pope Pius IX, in accordance with the terms of his will, will be removed to-day from St. Peter's to the church of San Lorenzo. The whole ceremony will be strictly private.

Suicide.

WORCESTER, Mass., July 12.—Henry A. Howe, of Princeton, Mass., aged 33, committed suicide by hanging himself this morning. He was suffering from delirium tremens.

The Battle of the Boyne.

NEW YORK, July 12.—The celebration of the battle of the Boyne was observed to-day by Orangemen in excursions, &c.

Bismarck's Health.

BERLIN, July 12.—Prince Bismarck's health has greatly improved since his arrival at Kissingen.

Financial.

NEW YORK, July 12.—The Post's financial article says: U. S. bonds are firm at unchanged prices. State bonds are dull at a decline of 1/2 per cent. The latter Tennessee 6's are 104 1/2; R. R. bonds are also generally lower, the decline ranging from 1/2 per cent. During the first hour business speculation stocks fell 1/4 per cent. There was a rally of 1/4. The market then again became heavy and prices fell a fraction for the general list. As was also the market is dull and about steady near the lowest prices of the day. The money market is easy at 3 1/4 per cent. for call and time loans.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE, July 12.—Virginia Gold—do deferred—do consolidated 82 1/2; do 21 1/2; do 41; paid due coupon 91 1/2; now 10